



Role perception and performance of Sarpanch

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ABSTRACT

A study was conducted with 60 sarpanch's in Achalpur and Chandur Bazar tahsil of Amravati District. The data collected through personal interview schedule was analyzed and co-efficient of correlation was worked out to find out the relationship between dependent and independent variables. Findings revealed that a majority (46.66 %) of sarpanch's were middle age group (36 to 50 years), (41.67 %) of sarpanch's were having secondary and higher secondary education, majority of sarpanch's (45.00 %) were from Rs. 20,001 to 40,000 annual income, two third (66.67 %) of sarpanch's were having medium level of social participation, mostly sarpanch's (93.33 %) had experience up to 5 years as a grampanchayat member, three-fifth (63.34 %) of the sarpanch's were having medium level of degree of change proneness, most (88.33 %) of sarpanch's studied were married and two-third (63.33 %) of sarpanch's had male. Degree of change proneness, most (88.33 %) of sarpanch's studies were married and two-third (63.33 %) of sarpanch's had male. A study revealed that sarpanch's with younger age, more formal education, social participation greater cosmopolitaness and change proneness had more role perception and performance. Result correction analysis revealed that age, education, social participation, experience to member of grampanchayat, cosmopolitaness, change proneness and gender had positively correction with role perception and performance. Marital status and annual income no relationship with role perception and performance.

INTRODUCTION

The grampanchayat sciene the introduction of three tier system, it plays a major role in the development of village level in proper functioning of the 'Panchayat Raj System'. It is the most potential school of social and political training for the rural masses. The village panchayat is at the root of our constitution and it is the major organization fir overall progress of the village. The grampanchayat is not only decentralized form of administration but also a medium through which Indian people from riral areas can express their administrative, social and economic problems to the upper levels, it is the local government of the village that touches nearly most lives of rural people.

The success of any grampanchayat largely depends upon how well the selected members and sarpanch perform their roles within the framework of Panchayat Raj constitution. It is necessary for the Sarpanch and member of the grampanchayat to have knowledge and understanding of their roles and its

effective implementation for the development of village. It was therefore, felt important to know the perception of the role by the sarpanch and how for they are performing their role. A present investigation "role perceotion and performance of sarpanch" at the Achalpur and Chandubazar taluka of Amravati district was planned and undertaken with the objectives to study the personal and socio-economic characteristics of sarpanch, to study the extent of performance by the sarpanch, to study the relationship between the personal socio-economic characteristics of sarpanch and role perceived by them.

METHODS

The present study was undertaken in Amravati district of Maharashtra. Achlpur and Chandurbazar Panchyat Samiti were selected from Amravati district, 60 sarpanch were purposively selected from grampanchayat under Achalpur and Chandur Bazar panchayat samiti a suitable questionnaire was developed and data were collected by personally interviewing the